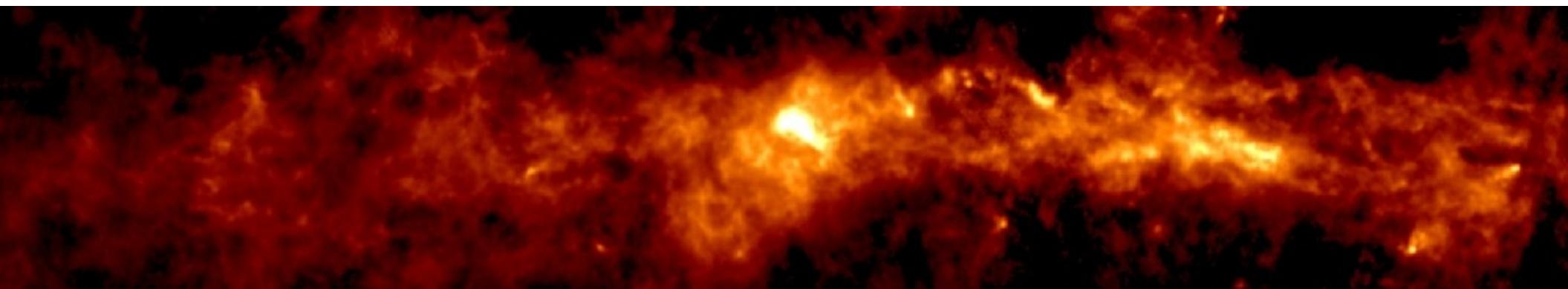




## CRUSH



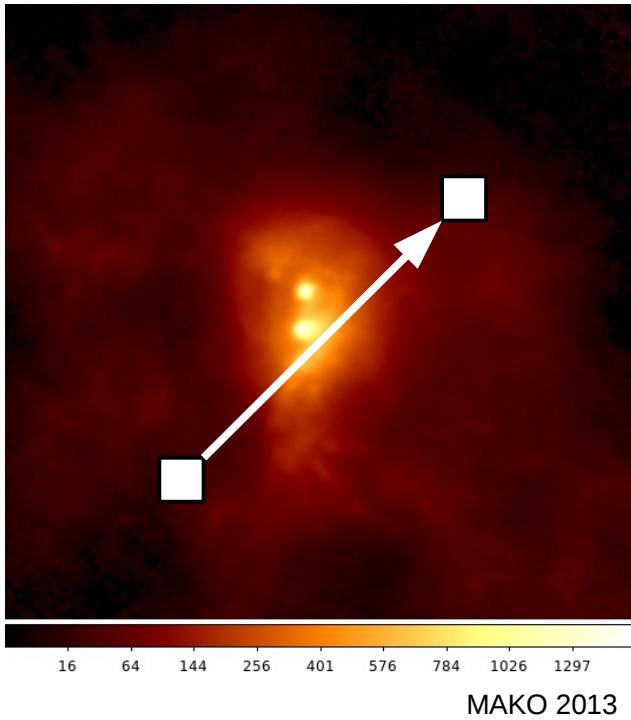
LABOCA 2007

### Data reduction and imaging for future (sub)millimeter arrays

Attila Kovács  
Caltech



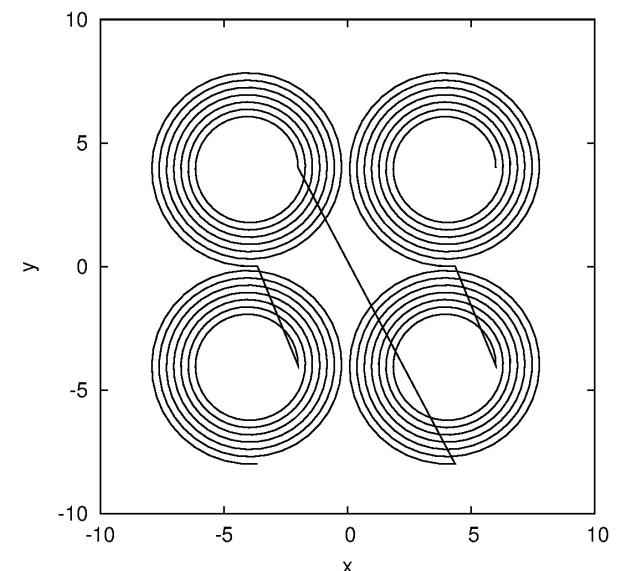
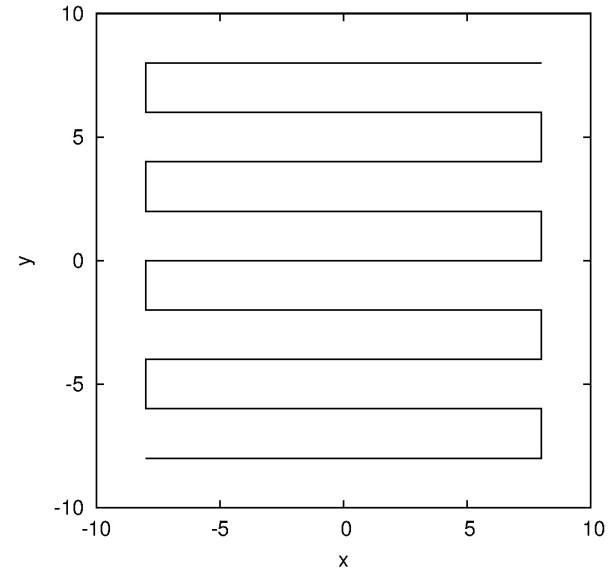
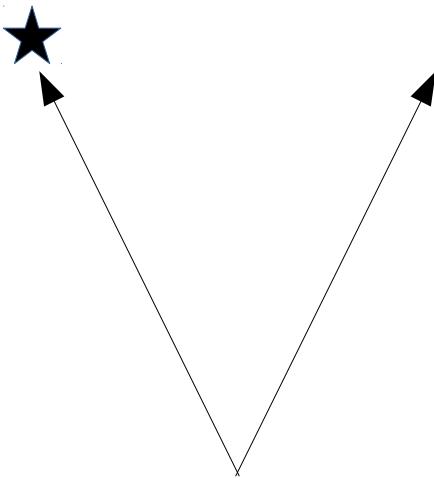
# Ground-based imaging in the (sub)millimeter



Highly variable atmosphere that is a million times brighter than what we look for...

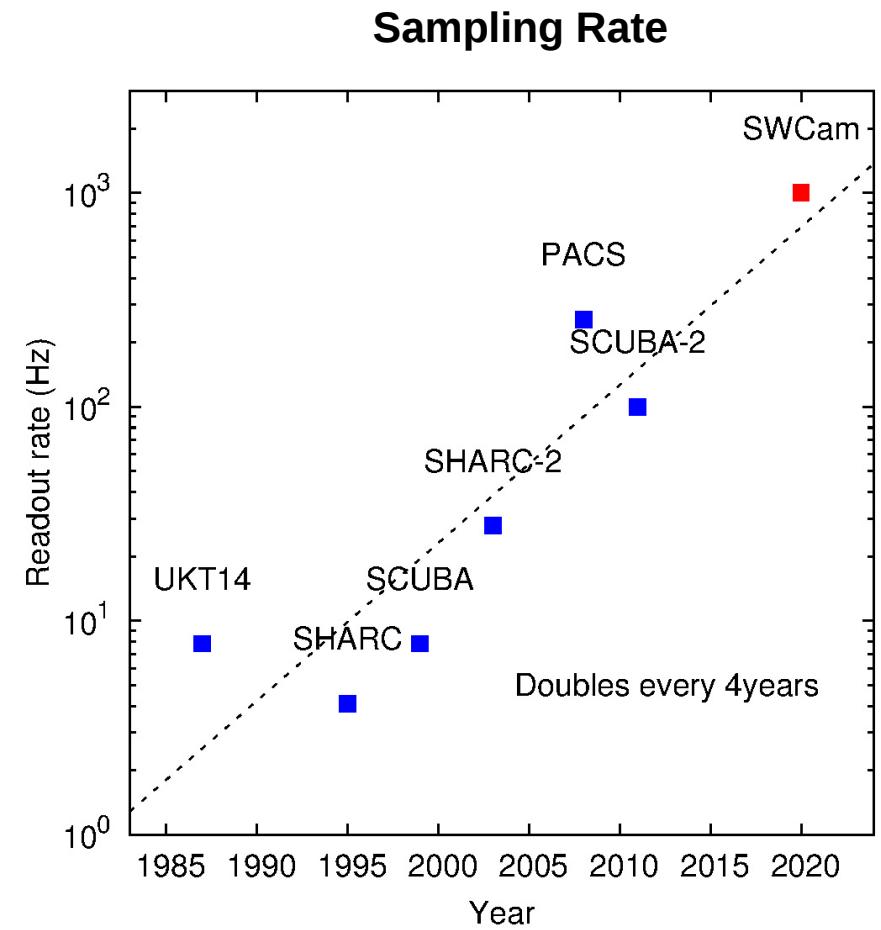
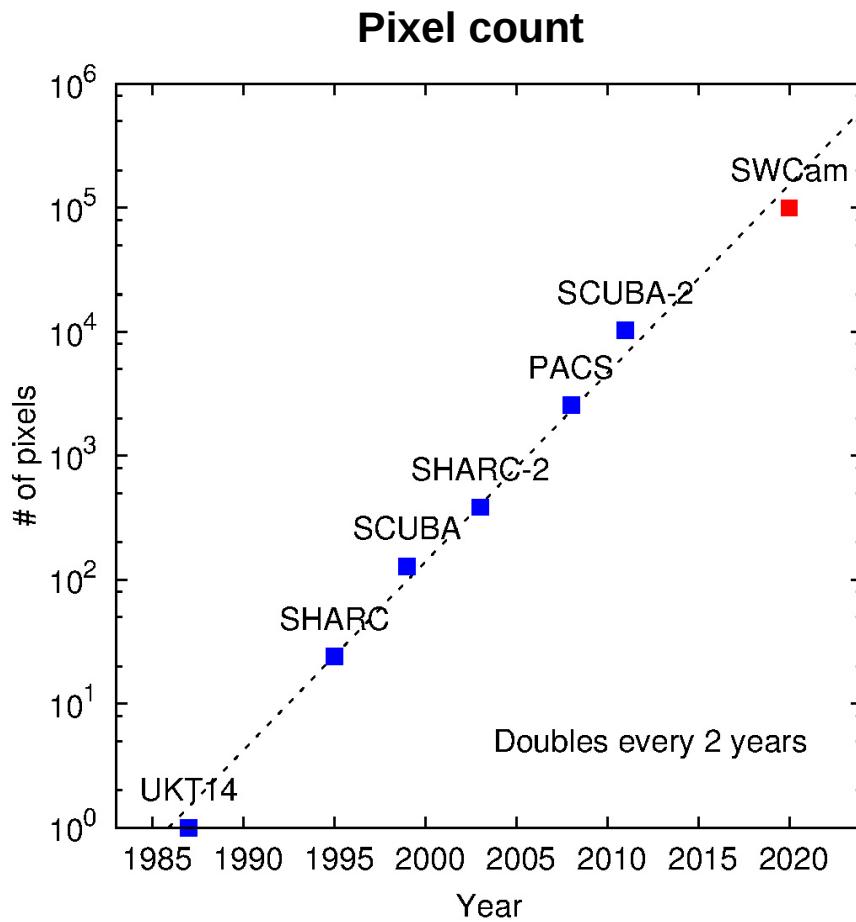
**Move Fast!**

for improved sensitivity  
for recovery of large scales...



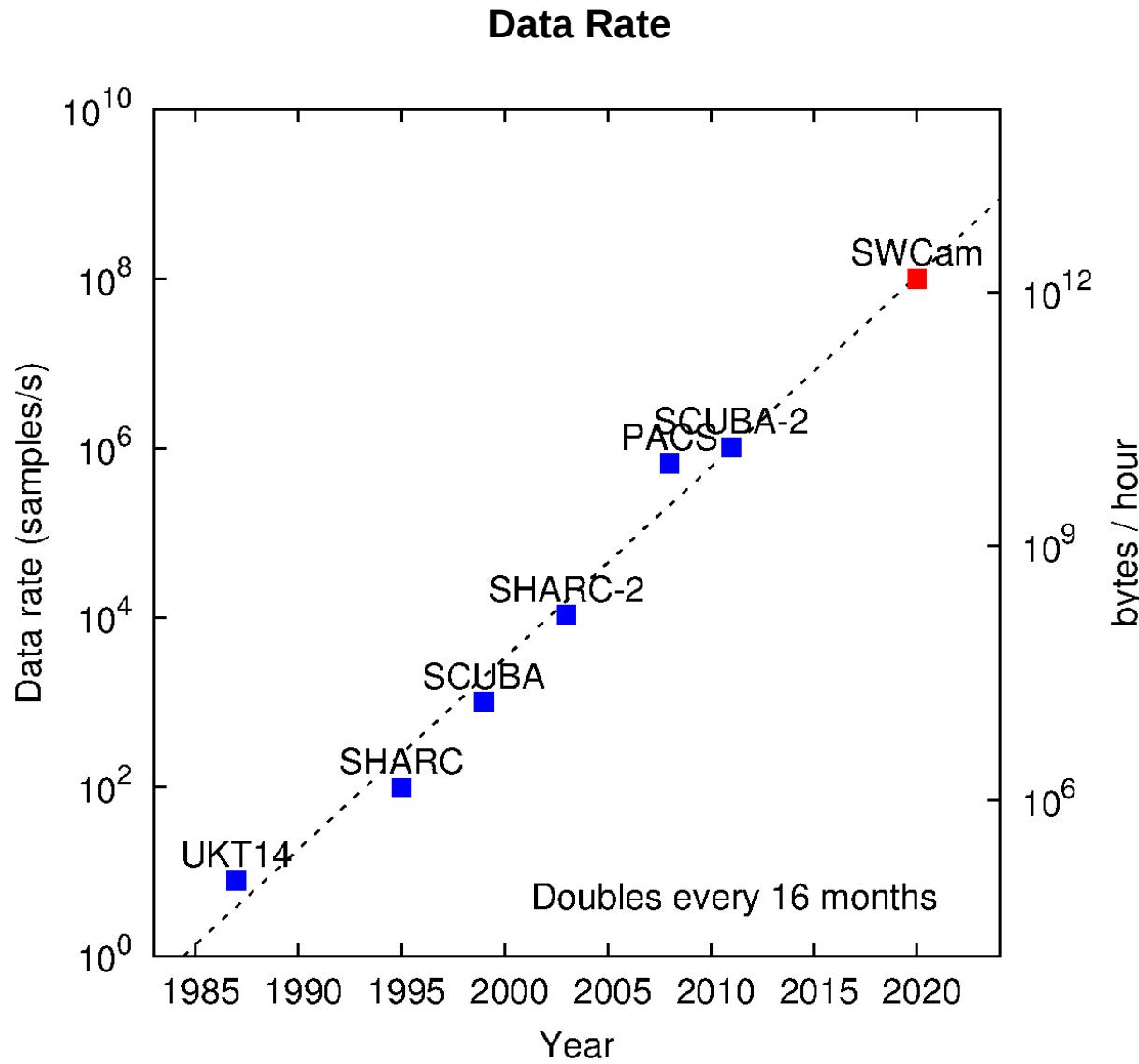


# A Data Rate Challenge



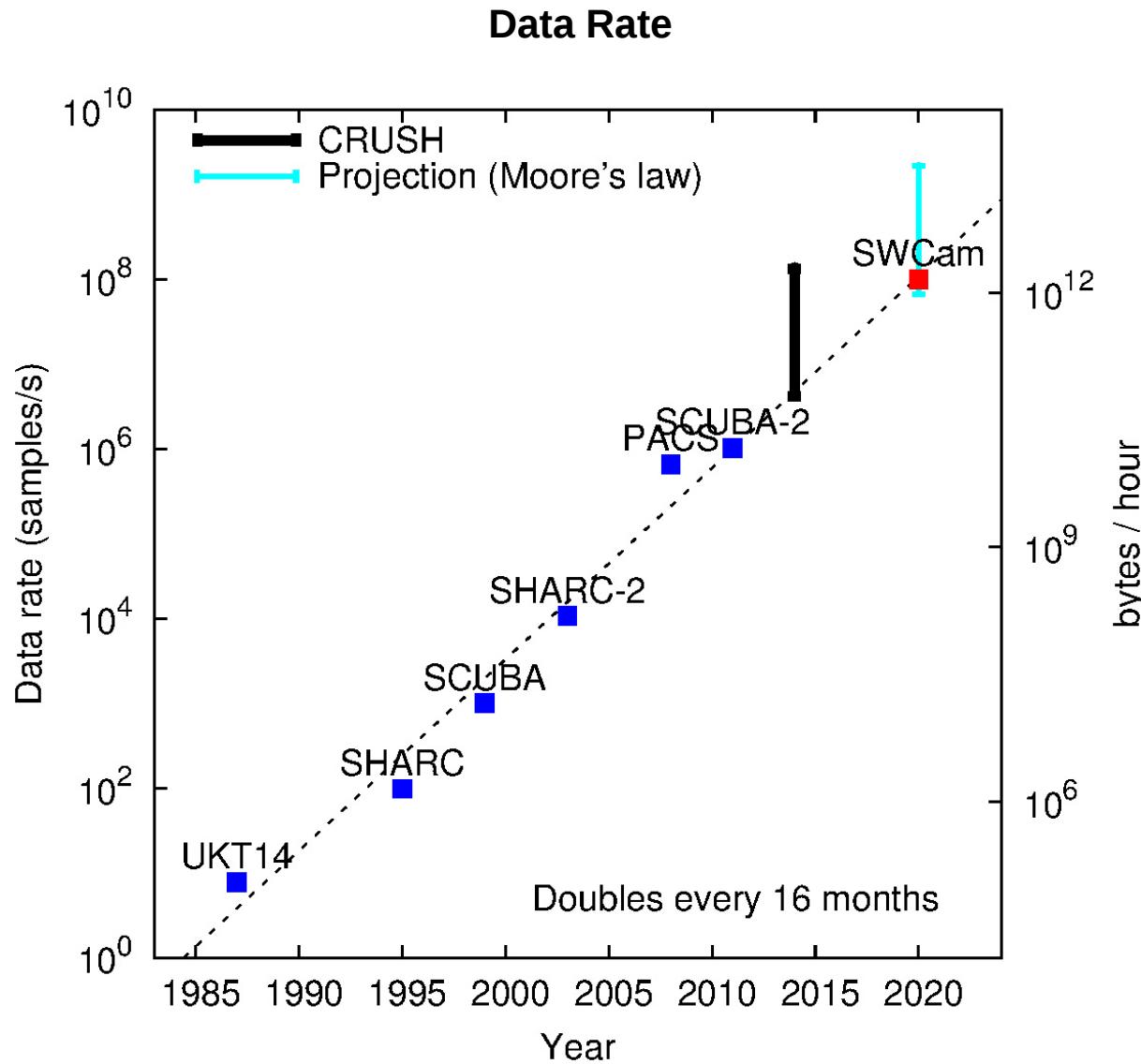


# A Data Rate Challenge





# A Data Rate Challenge





# Programming Language(s)

What language(s) would you use for high performance computing?

**CUDA / OpenCL**

**C / C++ / Fortran**

**Java**

**Python**

**Postscript / LOGO...**

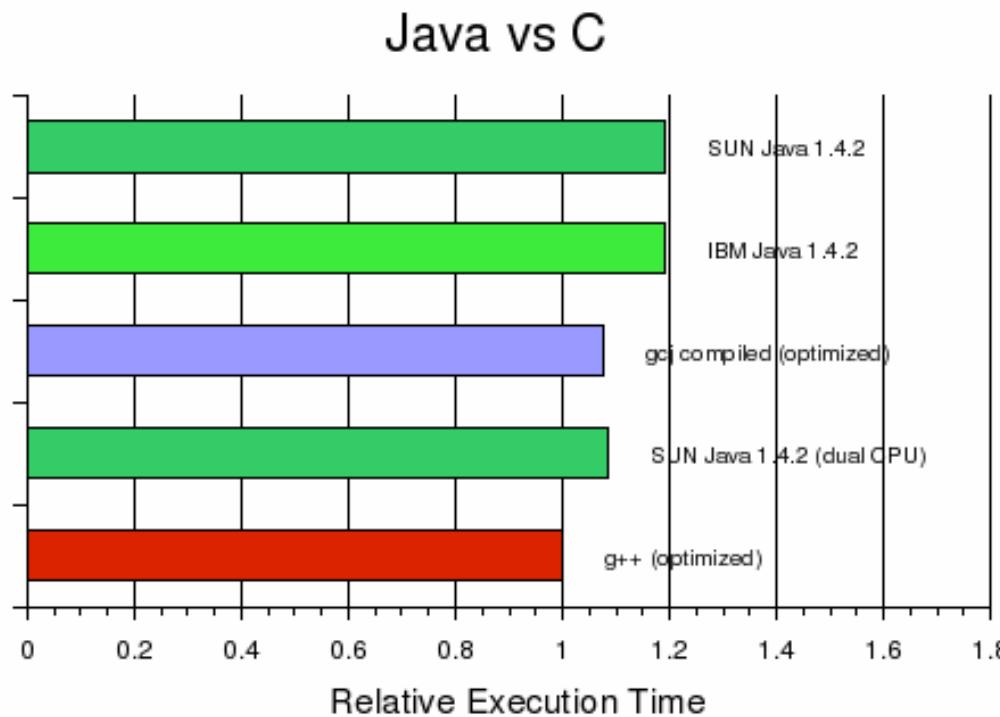


# Java vs C/C++

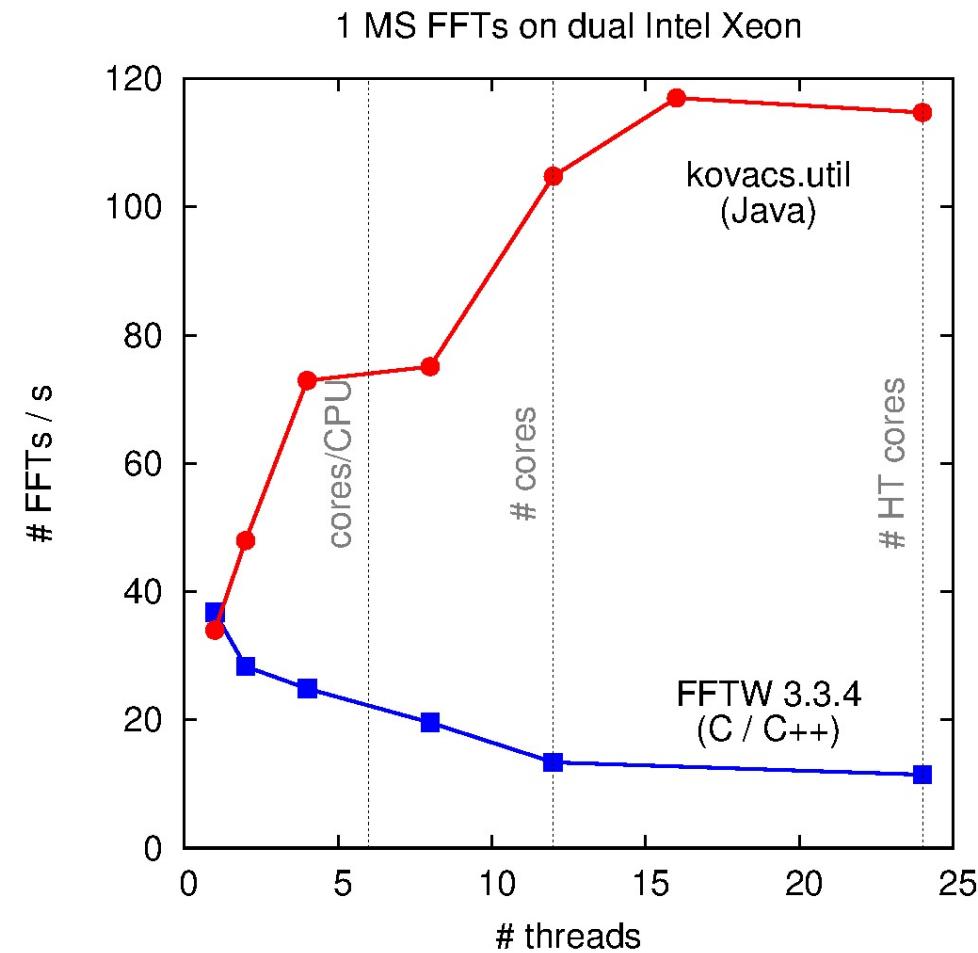
Java is 5-10% slower than the most brutally optimized C/C++...



and can be faster...



in 2005...



vs. FFTW



# CRUSH: An introduction

*Pioneering a new paradigm for scanning mode data...*

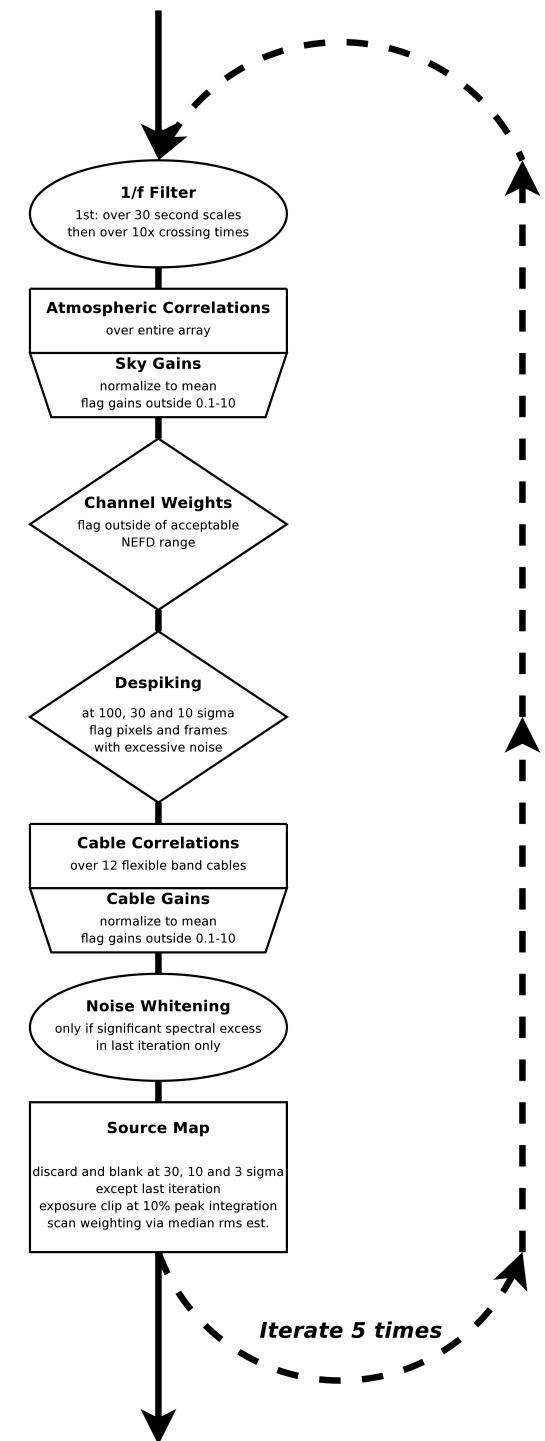
- 2002    **CRUSH** (SHARC-2, LABOCA, SABOCA, APEX-SZ, p-ArTeMiS, GISMO, SCUBA-2, MAKO, SHARC...)
- 2002    **sharcsolve** (SHARC-2)
- 2006    **BoA** (LABOCA, SABOCA, APEX-SZ, ArTeMiS)
- 2011    **SMURF** (SCUBA-2)
- 2013    **MOPSIC** (GISMO, NIKA?)



100% Pure Java



Tarball / ZIP  
RPM & Debian packages



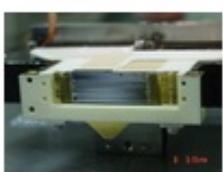


# CRUSH Supported Instruments

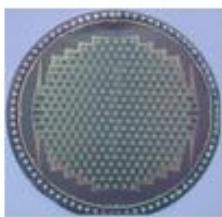
---



SHARC



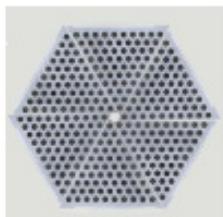
SHARC-2



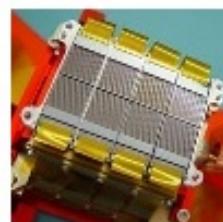
LABOCA



SABOCA



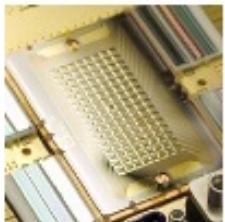
ASZCA



p-ArTeMiS



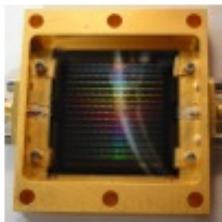
PolKa



GISMO



SCUBA-2



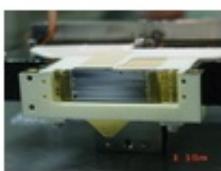
MAKO



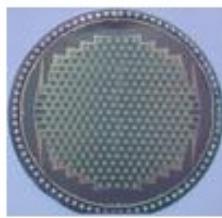
# CRUSH Supported Instruments



SHARC



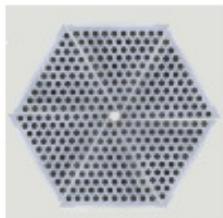
SHARC-2



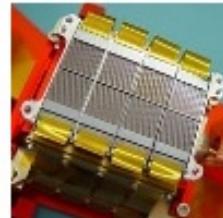
LABOCA



SABOCA



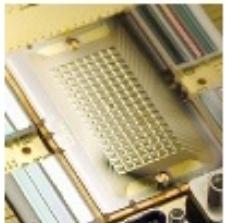
ASZCA



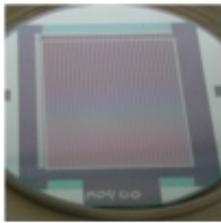
p-ArTeMiS



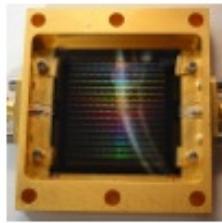
PolKa



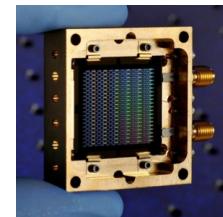
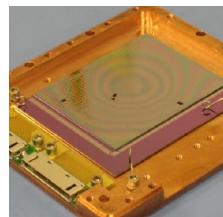
GISMO



SCUBA-2



MAKO

MAKO-2  
2014GISMO-2  
2015SOFIA / HAWC+  
2016/2017

MAKO-2	9153-5	Tue.	11:50
GISMO-2	9153-18	Wed.	10:50
SWCam	9153-21	Wed.	11:50

CCAT / SWCam?  
2020?



# CRUSH: A Pipeline

*Not interactive but highly configurable...*

Correlated noise removal

Pixel / channel gain estimation

Noise weighting (by channel and/or time)  
*with rigorous accounting of lost degrees of freedom!!!*

Consistency checking

Spectral Filtering

Source Model

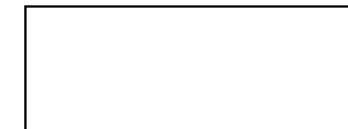
100 Jy (1) Residual DC Offsets



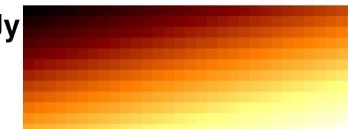
10 Jy (1) Correlated Sky



(1) Detector Weights  
(1) Detector Gains  
(6) Time Weights



70 mJy (5) Sky Gradients



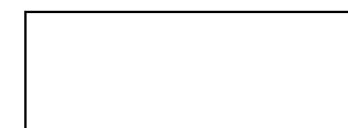
20 mJy (5) Row Bias Drifts



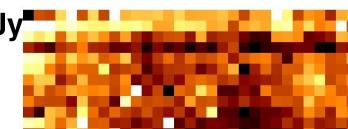
7 Jy (3) Source



(6) Spectral Outliers



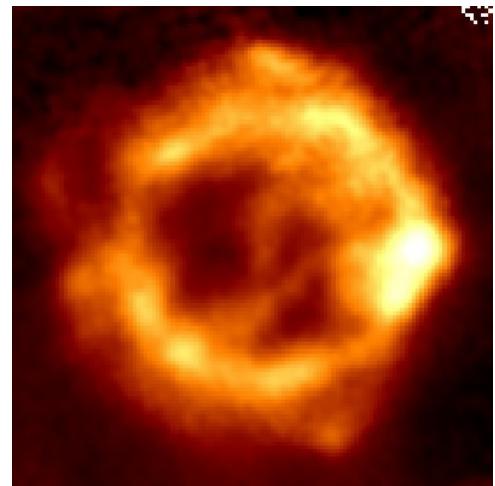
< 10 mJy (5) Detector Drifts





# CRUSH: Notable Features

Point-source corrections



White noise maps

Rich FITS output

Jackknifing / Scrambling

GISMO 2010

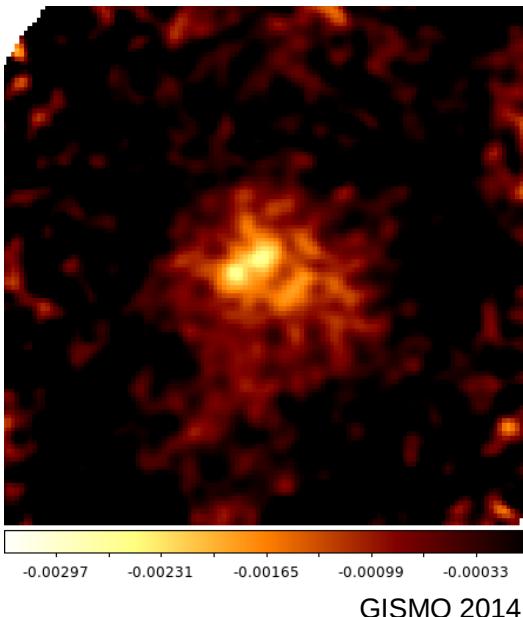
Input models & test sources

Instant focus, calibration, and pointing

More data products and logging support



# CRUSH: Configuration



PLCK\_G147.sh

```
./crush gismo -name=PLCK_G147.fits \
    -datapath=/home/data/gismo/2014-04 \
    -outpath=~/data/gismo/2014-04 \
    -object=PLCK_G147 \
    -faint \
    -sourcesize=240.0 \
    -smooth=30.0 \
    -correlated.cols \
    -correlated.cols.resolution=0.5 \
    -source.sign=- \
    -date=2014-04-07 95-100 108-114 121-124 \
    -date=2014-04-08 104-114 \
    -date=2014-04-09 73-79 87-94
```

PLCK\_G147.cfg

```
# The output file name
name PLCK_G147.fits

# The object's name for locating the data on the filesystem
object PLCK_G147

# The root path to the data archive
datapath ~/gismo/2014-04

# The path for output images and data products
outpath ~/data/gismo/2014-04 \

# Reduce as 'faint' source (loads 'faint.cfg')
faint

# Assume 6' FWHM source size
sourcesize 240.0

# Smooth maps to 30" in all iterations
smooth 30.0

# Decorrelate on detector columns with 0.5s time resolution
correlated.cols
cols.resolution=0.5

# Optimize for sources with negative flux.
source.sign -
```

PLCK\_G147.short.sh

```
./crush -config=PLCK_147.cfg \
    -date=2014-04-07 95-100 108-114 121-124 \
    -date=2014-04-08 104-114 \
    -date=2014-04-09 73-79 87-94
```



# CRUSH: Conditional Configuration

## 1. Simple conditions based on other settings

Set 1/f stability timescale to 15 seconds when the 'extended' option is set.

```
[extended] stability 15
```

Set FITS output name when 'system=horizontal' (reducing in horizontal coordinates).

```
[system?horizontal] name {?object}-altaz.fits
```

## 1. Interpreted conditions

Turn off spatial filtering of the source for the last 3 iterations

```
iteration.[last-2] forget source.filter
```

Load a configuration file for scans taken between the specified dates

```
date.[2014.03.31-2014.04.14] config run10.cfg
```

Set the calibration constant (i.e. conversion to jansky) based on serial number

```
serial.[*-41086] jansky=1.96e-6
```

Specify the pixel positions (RCP) for a given MJD range

```
mjd.[55086.58-55112.44] rcp {@CRUSH}/laboca/2012-09.rcp
```

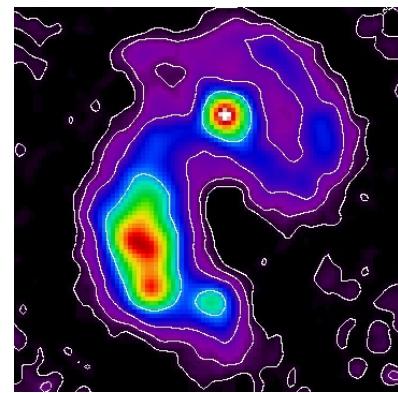
Automatically invoke 'bright' settings for Jupiter

```
object.[Jupiter] bright
```

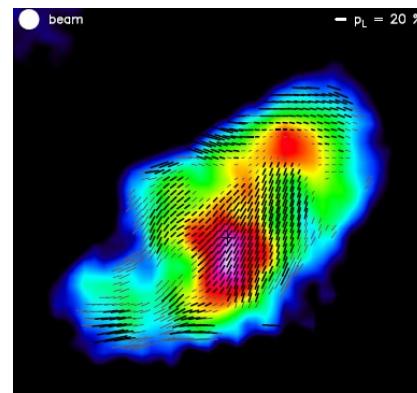
```
[....]
```



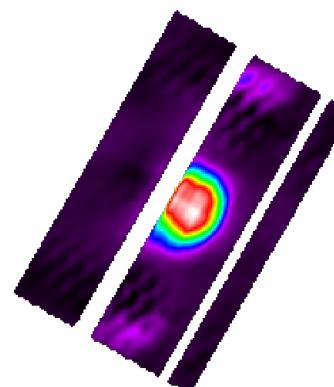
# CRUSH: Source Models



**Scalar Map**

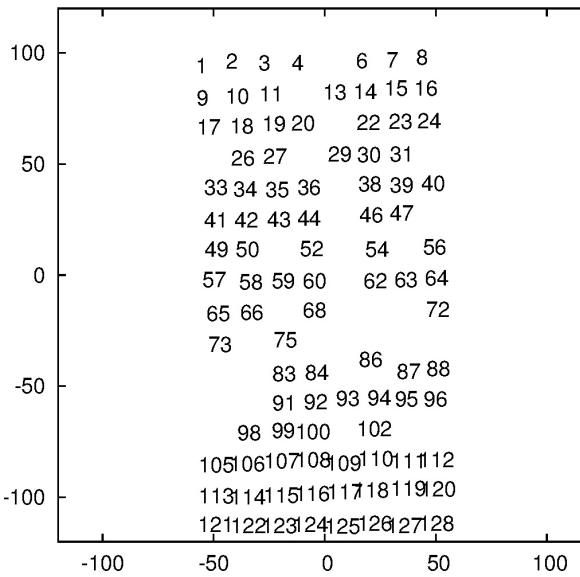


**Polarization  
I, Q, U, (P, F, A)**

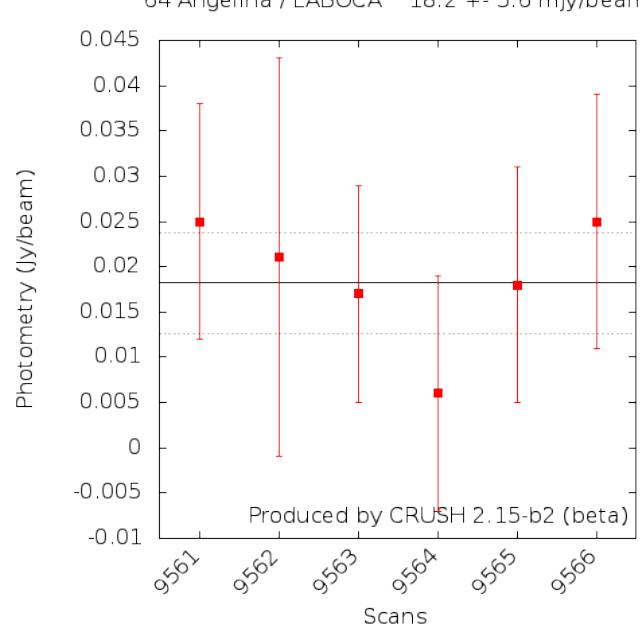


**Deconvolved  
Dual-beam Map**

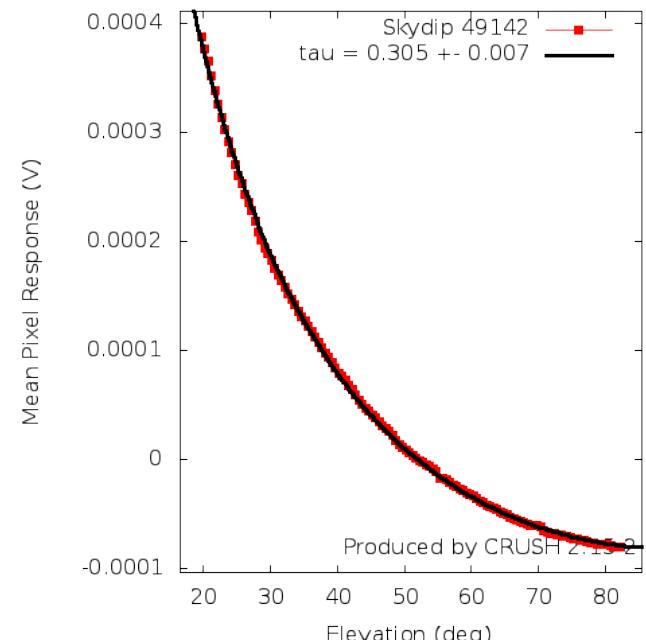
Point-source flux corrected  
Independent map pixels  
Noise & Integration Time



**Beam Map(s)**



**Photometry**



**SkyDip**



# CRUSH: Output Products and Logging

EPS figures (skydip, photometry)

PNG thumbnails

Residual timestreams

Residual spectra

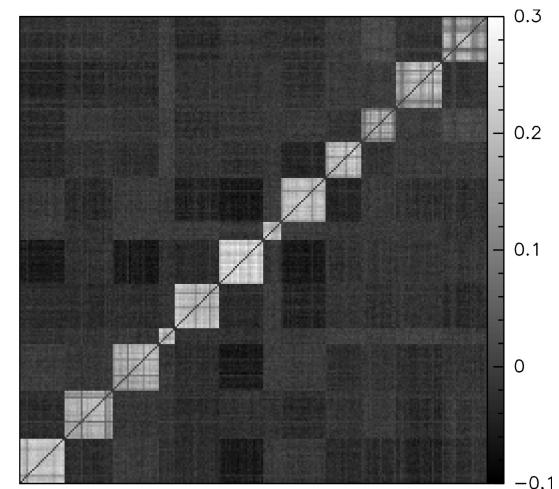
Correlated signals

Covariance Matrices

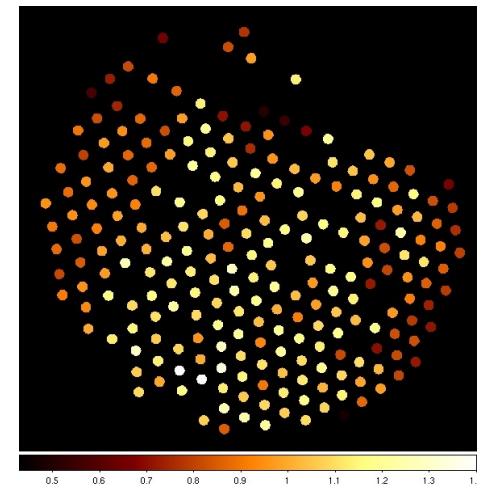
Pixel characterization (gains, weights...)

Pixel positions (beammap)

ASCII log tables of user-specified columns....



**pixel-to-pixel  
covariance matrix**

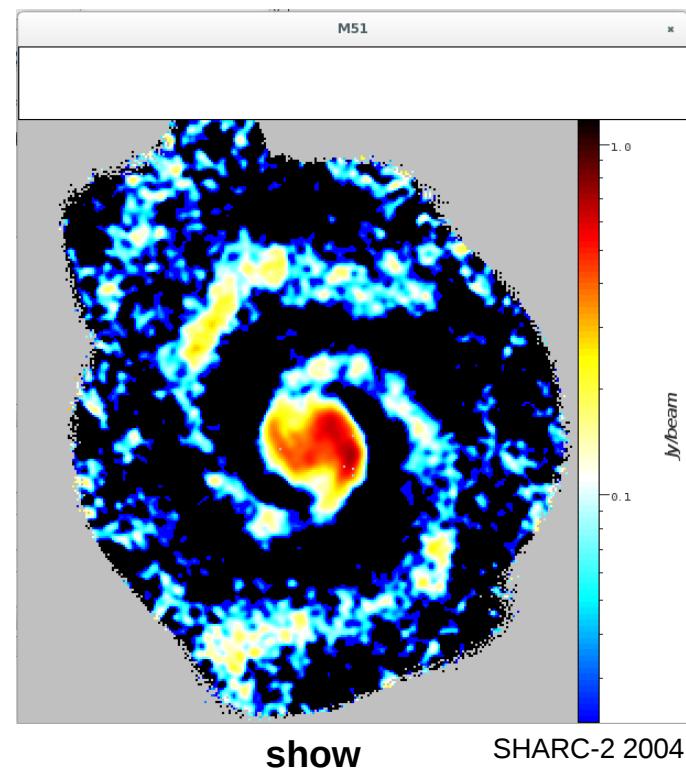


**sky-noise gains vs.  
pixel positions  
(LABOCA)**



# CRUSH: Tools

<b>crush</b>	reduction pipeline
<b>imagetool</b>	manipulate FITS post reduction
<b>show</b>	Image display
<b>histogram</b>	Generate map histograms
<b>detect</b>	Point source extraction tool
<b>coadd</b>	Combine FITS images <i>Only if co-reducing is not an option!...</i>
<b>difference</b>	Look for differences in two images





## **Step 1. Reading the data**

*100 – 200 lines of Java*

## **Step 2. Instrument-specific extensions**

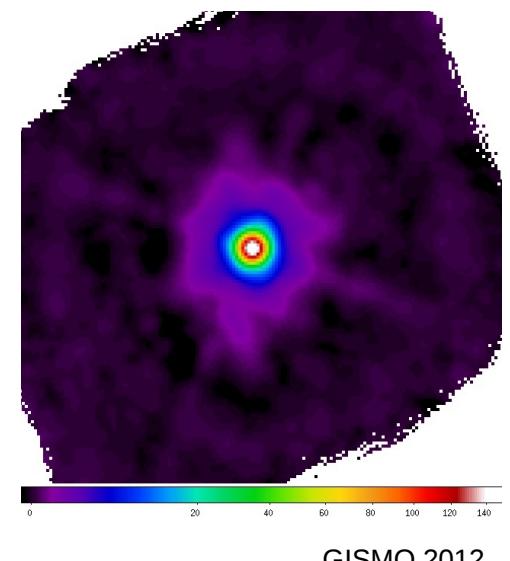
*0 – 500 lines of Java*

## **Step 3. Configuration file**

*10 – 100 lines of ASCII key/value definitions*

## **Step 4. Characterization data**

*(E.g. pixel positions, initial weights/gains, wiring, bad pixels  
pointing model, pointing table, tau lookup, calibration table)*

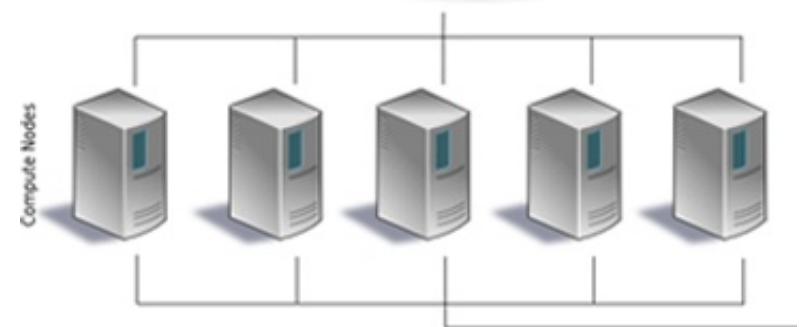




# Into the Future...

## Moore's Law

*8-fold increase by 2020...*



## Further Parallelization

Computing cluster / nodes

GPU



## Improved algorithms

*perhaps another factor of 2...*



# CRUSH: The Highlights

The one that started it all...

The fastest of all...

runs on any platform

1-minute installation

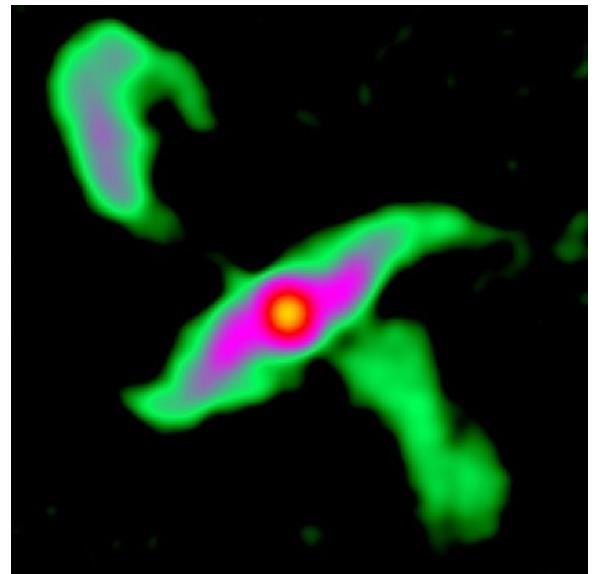
easy to use

powerful configurability

point-source corrected fluxes

best recovery of extended emission

adapt for any instrument...



LABOCA 2008

## Acknowledgements

Tom McGlynn for  
*nom.tam.fits* packages

**Attila Kovács**

attila@caltech.edu

[www.submm.caltech.edu/~attila](http://www.submm.caltech.edu/~attila)

[www.submm.caltech.edu/~sharc/crush](http://www.submm.caltech.edu/~sharc/crush)



# CRUSH: A Programmer's Library

**Do what you want...**

**Manipulate data with ease**

**Interactive frontend....**

Also **kovacs.util** (on *SourceForge.net*) for Numerical Java

2D vectors, complex numbers & functions, weighted data...

2D image manipulation (coordinate grids)

Astronomical coordinates & conversions

Spherical projections (*Calabretta & Greisen 2002*)

FFTs

Special functions (Bessel, gamma, zeta, error function...)

Matrix inversion, SVD...